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	The Director of Central In		
	Washington, D.C. 2050	5	
National Intelligence Counc	cil		
		NIC 4528-83 21 June 1983	
MEMORANDUM FOR	: Rear Admiral Jonathan How Director, Bureau of Polit Department of State		
FROM	: Hans Heymann, Jr. National Intelligence Off	ficer at Large	
SUBJECT	: Decreased Use of Chemica	I/Toxin Weapons	
1. The a	ttached informal report pre	sents the results of a review	
of recent inte	lligence evidence that poin	ts to a sharp reduction in the	
first five mon	ths of 1983 in the use of C	W/Toxin weapons in Southeast	
Asia and Afgha	nistan.		
2. The r	eport reflects the collecti	ve views of the DCI Working	
Group on CW/To	xin Use and has benefited f	rom a first-hand field survey	05)//
conducted in M	lay-June by its Chairman		25 X 1
	Hau	<u></u>	·
	Hans He	ymann, Jr.	
Attachment: As Stated			
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21 June 1983

Indications of Sharply Decreased Use of Chemical-Toxin Weapons in Southeast Asia and Afghanistan

Summary and Conclusions

A review of all available recent intelligence on the use of
chemical weapons in Southeast Asia and Afghanistan, including a
first-hand survey in the field, reveals a striking reduction in
the incidence of such attacks since the beginning of 1983.
Reports of chemical attacksincluding lethal eventscontinue to
be received, but, for the most part these relate to events of an
earlier period, principally mid-to-late 1982. Moreover, the few
instances of chemical attacks reportedly occurring in 1983less
than a half dozenrefer to the use of riot control agents and
incapacitants rather than lethal agents. In spite of a high level
of combat activity in all three theaters lans Kampuchea and
Afghanistan not
a single lethal chemical attack has been confirmed as having
occurred so far this year. Also, in this same period, the classic
symptomology of mycotoxicosis is entirely absent, as is any
POSITIVE finding of mycotoxin presence in environmental and
biological samples collected from chemical events occurring this
year.

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While an hiatus of five months is insufficient to permit strong conclusions (seasonal lulls of two or three months have been noted in earlier years and there are often substantial time lags between occurrence of a chemical event and its detection), the fact that the current break is unprecedentedly long and is taking place during a period of relatively intense combat activity suggests the possibility that a Soviet policy decision to suspend the use of lethal chemical/toxin agents may have been taken.

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